

MATERIAŁY ŹRÓDŁOWE:

JĘZYK ANGIELSKI klasy 1-2



CHRISTMAS

Match the words to the pictures.



bells

Christmas tree

snowflake

star

light

ball

present

paper chain

sleigh

Santa Claus



JĘZYK ANGIELSKI klasy 3-4

Christmas Colors

- Red
- Green
- White
- Gold



Christmas Vocabulary

Happy Christmas! Merry Christmas! Happy Holidays!



a turkey



a Christmas pudding



a snowman



a wreath



holly



mistletoe



a snowglobe



a Christmas cracker



a candy cane



wrapping paper



bells



The 3 Wise Men



Santa Claus
Father Christmas
St. Nick



Santa's sleigh

a reindeer



presents/gifts/
pressies (inf.)



a chimney



a Christmas stocking



a fireplace



a Christmas tree



a bauble



a bow



tinsel



Christmas Eve



Boxing Day/
St. Stephen's Day



Christmas Day



New Year's Eve



CORK ENGLISH TEACHER



JĘZYK ANGIELSKI klasy 5-6

Christmas Colors

- Red
- Green
- White
- Gold

Christmas is an annual Christian holiday held on December 25th celebrating the birth of Jesus.

People all over the world celebrate Christmas. In the Catholic religion, Christmas is a holy day. Many people attend church on Christmas Eve or Christmas Day to celebrate the birth of Jesus.

Children receive presents from Santa Claus and family members at Christmas.

Popular Christmas Traditions

There are many different Christmas traditions. Some Christmas traditions include having a Christmas tree, sending Christmas cards, baking holiday cookies, buying presents for loved ones, hanging stockings, decorating your home with Christmas lights, kissing under the mistletoe, singing Christmas carols, celebrating Christmas day with loved ones.

On Christmas, many families all over the world eat Christmas pudding. It is also called figgy pudding or plum pudding.

Some people leave out milk and cookies on Christmas Eve in hopes that Santa will leave presents under the Christmas tree.

Many families send out Christmas cards to friends, family, and loved ones. The tradition started in 1843 by Sir Henry Cole.

Newer traditions include wearing family matching pajamas, ugly sweater parties, family gift-giving games such as a pink elephant.

The Christmas Tree

Christmas trees are also known as the Yule-tree.

Santa is known to leave Christmas gifts under the tree.

It is believed that decorating Christmas trees originated in 16th century Germany when Christians would bring decorated trees into their homes.

Christmas trees were first decorated with foods such as apples, nuts.



CHRISTMAS



Christmas house



Santa Claus



Santa's sack



Christmas tree



stocking



elf



reindeer



snowman



gingerbread



bells



fireplace



sleigh



present



candy cane



chimney



ornaments



wreath



candle



holly



poinsettia



mistletoe



carolers



Santa's hat



snow globe



lights



snowflake

Christmas Vocabulary

Happy Christmas! Merry Christmas! Happy Holidays!



JĘZYK ANGIELSKI klasy 7-8

WHAT IS CHRISTMAS ALL ABOUT?

Christmas is the date set aside for the celebration of the birth of Jesus Christ. Christians celebrate it on December 25th all over the world.

WHAT DOES THE WORD "CHRISTMAS" MEAN?

Christmas actually comes from "Mass of Christ". It was however shortened to "Christ Mass". Sometimes the shorter version "Xmas" is also used.

WHAT IS BOXING DAY?

Boxing Day is the day right after Christmas. This December 26 holiday is observed in England, Australia, Canada and New Zealand. It is a day of giving to the less fortunate and charitable institutions in the form of money and gifts.

CHRISTMAS SYMBOLS

Christmas is also a time where homes and malls are decorated with all kinds of decorations. Most of the decorations are symbols of Christmas.

CHRISTMAS SYMBOLS

THE MISTLETOE



The custom of kissing under the mistletoe may have come from the Scandinavians who associated the plant with their goddess of love, Frigga. They believed that those who kissed under the mistletoe will experience happiness and good luck

POINSETTIA



The poinsettia became a symbol of Christmas based on an old Mexican legend of a poor Mexican girl called Pepita. She had no present to give to baby Jesus as the Christmas Eve Service. She picked up some weeds and made them into a bouquet and placed it at the bottom of the nativity scene. The bouquet of weeds suddenly burst into bright red flowers. All who saw them believed that it was a miracle, The flowers became known as the "Flowers of the Holy Night". The red colored leaves symbolize the blood of Jesus Christ and the white leaves, his purity.

HOLLY



CANDY CANE



REINDEER



SANTA CLAUS



ELF



STAR OF DAVID



CHRISTMAS TREE



SNOWMAN



- It is believed that decorating Christmas trees originated in 16th century Germany
- Christmas trees were first decorated with foods such as apples, nuts and dates.
- Do you know why we say the Twelve Days of Christmas? It is believed that it took the 3 kings 12 days to find baby Jesus.
- The tradition of naughty children getting a lump of coal in their stocking comes from Italy.
- Did you know that tinsel was once made of real silver! It was invented in Germany in 1610.

- How many reindeer does Santa have? Santa Claus 9 reindeer are named: Comet, Cupid, Dasher, Dancer, Prancer, Vixen, Donner, Blitzen and the most famous Rudolph – the red-nosed reindeer!

Christians sing festive songs at Christmas time; these songs are called Carols

Santa Claus did not originally wear red! Early pictures depict him wearing outfits coloured either green, blue or purple

The beverage company Coca Cola is sometimes recognized as the creators of the image of Santa Claus wearing red and white, (the iconic colors of coca cola) but they did not invent Santa!

At the first Christmas, three gifts were given to baby Jesus by three wise men the gifts were gold, frankincense and myrrh (oils)

The custom of the Christmas pudding, or plum pudding, dates back to 17th century Medieval England. Traditionally it should be made with 13 ingredients that represent Christ and the 12 apostles.

Did you know there are no plums in plum pudding! Plum was the medieval name for raisins.

The actual gift givers are different in various countries:

Spain and South America: The Three Kings

Italy: La Befana (a kindly old witch)

England: Father Christmas

France: Pere Noel (Father Christmas)

Russia: In some parts - Babouschka (a grandmotherly figure)

Other parts it is Grandfather Frost.

Germany: Christkind (angelic messenger from Jesus)

She is a beautiful fair haired girl with a shining crown of candles.

Scandinavia: a variety of Christmas gnomes. One is called Julenisse

Holland: St Nicholas.

Christmas Colors

There are many colors associated with Christmas such as the red of holly berries, of

Santa Claus or Father Christmas outfit; the green of fir trees; the gold of candles and stars; the whiteness of snowy fields.

Red is the color that is considered the greatest excitement, and is also the color of the month December. As the religious symbol it stands for fire, blood and charity.

Green is the symbol for nature, youth and the hope of eternal life. It is for this reason that Christmas is a feast of hope, with a newborn child as its central symbol.

White is the religious symbol which stands for light, purity, joy and glory. White is seen in the robes of Christmas angels, in Santa's beard and suit trimmings, as well as in Christmas snow and snow flakes.

Gold stands for sunlight and radiance. It is the color of the christmas stars, tinsel, candles, electric lights.

Christmas Traditions in Britain

1. **Christmas cards** are extremely popular with families commonly receiving and sending over 100 cards, which are subsequently used to decorate the house.
2. In schools, **Nativity Plays**, are very popular at Christmas time with parents going watch their children as one of the many characters of the nativity
3. **Carol singers** can often be found in December weekend mornings outside shopping centres and almost always collecting money for charity.
4. On Christmas Eve children put **Christmas stockings** (a big sock) at the end of the bed, or more traditionally above the fireplace, and by morning they are filled with presents from Father Christmas.
5. In Britain it is customary for children to leave a little drink and some food for **Father Christmas** before they go to bed on Christmas Eve. Many families leave a **glass of whiskey, sherry or brandy**, with a heartier snack, like a **mince pie**, and carrots for the reindeer.
6. Traditionally the main course is **roast turkey** with cranberry sauce, served with roast potatoes and parsnips, Yorkshire puddings and other vegetables. Desert is **Christmas pudding**, a heavy steamed pudding made of dried fruit, suet, and a touch of flour.
7. **Christmas crackers**, a kind cardboard tube wrapped in a brightly decorated twist of paper, are a traditional sight on any British Christmas table. The crackers usually include small toys, jokes and paper crowns and when pulled by two people, often with crossed arms, they make a banging sound.
8. Every Christmas Day at 3 p.m. the queen addresses the nation in what is known as the **Queen's Speech**. The queen normally speaks about important events in the British Commonwealth as well as some personal words about the festive period.
9. The day after Christmas is known as '**Boxing Day**' and is spent in a number of different ways. Many families go for a walk in the countryside, others go to the football while more still spend it with their families.



CHRISTMAS



Christmas house



Santa Claus



Santa's sack



Christmas tree



stocking



elf



reindeer



snowman



gingerbread



bells



fireplace



sleigh



present



candy cane



chimney



ornaments



wreath



candle



holly



poinsettia



mistletoe



carolers



Santa's hat



snow globe



lights



snowflake

Christmas Vocabulary

Happy Christmas! Merry Christmas! Happy Holidays!



a turkey



a Christmas pudding



a snowman



a wreath



holly



mistletoe



a snowglobe



a Christmas cracker



a candy cane



wrapping paper



bells



The 3 Wise Men



Santa Claus
Father Christmas
St. Nick



a reindeer

Santa's sleigh



presents/gifts/
pressies (inf.)



a chimney



a Christmas stocking



a fireplace



a Christmas tree



a bauble



a bow



tinsel



Christmas Eve



Boxing Day/
St. Stephen's Day



Christmas Day



New Year's Eve



CORK ENGLISH TEACHER

